

## Investing Based on Politics is a Bad Idea for Your Portfolio

## September 1, 2024

As the 2024 presidential election approaches, Americans are preparing to vote in what polls forecast to be a tight race. Like many investors, you may wonder how the election outcome could affect financial markets and whether you should change your investment strategy. While Published by Market Desk Research and distributed by QuadCap Wealth Management, LLC. elected leaders can influence economic growth by enacting laws and regulations, data suggests

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Moreover, the economic outcomes of policies are less predictable than officials think, with the This document does not constitute an offer, solicitation or recommendation to sell or an offer to buy economy more influenced by factors like job growth, interest rates, and inflation. any securities, investment products or investment advisory services. Such an offer may only be made

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affiliation. If an investor only invested in the stock market when a Republican was President, This presentation includes information based on data found in independent industry publications and \$10,000 would have grown into \$83k today, excluding dividends. Investing only when a other sources and is current as of the date of this presentation. Although we believe that the data are Democrat was President would have returned \$254k. While the gap may seem wide, if an reliable, we have not sought, nor have we received, permission from any third-party to include their investor ignored the president's political party and remained invested, the \$10,000 would information in this presentation. Charts, tables and graphs contained in this document are not have grown to over \$2.1 million. Intended to be used to assist the reader in determining which securities to buy or sell or when to buy

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\$2,500,000 and are subject to change without notice. \$2,117,433 Republican President References to any indices are for informational and general comparative purposes only. There are significant differences between such indices and the investment programs described in this presentation. References to indices do not suggest that the investment programs will, or are likely to, achieve returns, volatility, or other results similar to such indices. The performance data of various indices presented herein was current as of the date of the presentation Only Invested Stay Invested hen a Republi is President When a Democrat is President Regardless of Politics Past performance is not indicative of future results and there can be no assurance that the future

Past performance is not indicative of future results and there can be no assurance that the future returns.

Assumes an investor of investing the SSP 500 when a Pscublican or Democrat performance of any specific investment or investment strategy will be profitable or equal any titure results.

Data from January 1st, 1953 to September 13th, 2024.

Corresponding index or benchmark.

Political views can stir strong emotions but making investment choices based on those feelings Advisory Services are offered through QuadCap, an SEC registered investment advisor. QuadCap only can lead to poor portfolio decisions. Instead, it's better to focus on time-tested investment transacts business in states where it is properly registered or is excluded or exempted from



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The Russell 2000 index measures the performance of approximately 2,000 small-cap US equities.

The MSCI EAFE Index is a stock market index that measures the performance of large- and mid-cap companies across 21 developed markets countries around the world. Canada and the USA are not included.

The MSCI Emerging Markets Index captures large and mid cap representation across 24 Emerging Markets (EM) countries.

The Nasdaq 100 Index is a stock index of the 100 largest companies by modified market capitalization trading on Nasdaq exchanges.

The Russell 1000 Growth index is an index that tracks large cap, growth stocks. This benchmark is important for investors that might tilt their investments towards large cap growth. Growth stocks, in comparison to value stocks, are considered companies with a more growth potential, and a higher risk profile.

The Russell 1000 Value index is an index that tracks large cap, value stocks. This benchmark is important for investors that might tilt their investments towards large cap value. Value stocks, in comparison to growth stocks, are considered companies with a stable cash flow, and more mature business model.

The CBOE VIX Index is a calculation designed to produce a measure of constant, 30-day expected volatility of the U.S. stock market, derived from real-time, mid-quote prices of S&P 500® Index (SPXI) call and put options.

The Magnificent 7 is a group of major tech companies with stock growth that, on average, far outpaced the high-performing S&P 500® in recent years.

Coined in 2023, the group consists of Alphabet, Amazon, Apple, Meta Platforms, Microsoft, Nvidia, and Tesla.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average, or simply the Dow, is a stock market index that indicates the value of 30 large, publicly owned companies based in the United States, and how they have traded in the stock market during various periods of time. These 30 companies are also included in the S&P 500 Index. The value of the Dow is not a weighted arithmetic mean and does not represent its component companies' market capitalization, but rather the sum of the price of one share of stock for each component company. The sum is corrected by a factor which changes whenever one of the component stocks has a stock split or stock dividend, so as to generate a consistent value for the



index.

The Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index is used as a benchmark for investment grade bonds within the United States. This index is important as a benchmark for someone wanting to track their fixed income asset allocation.

The Bloomberg US Corporate Index covers performance for United States corporate bonds. This index serves as an important benchmark for portfolios that include exposure to investment grade corporate bonds.

The Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Index covers performance for United States high yield corporate bonds. This index serves as an important benchmark for portfolios that include exposure to riskier corporate bonds that might not necessarily be investment grade.

Treasuries, also known as Treasury securities, are debt obligations issued by the United States government. They are used to raise cash needed to fund government operations and help finance the federal deficit. Treasuries are backed by the full faith and credit of the US government, making them one of the safest investments. They are an important instrument in monetary policy, allowing central banks to control the money supply.

The Prime Rate is the interest rate that commercial banks charge their most creditworthy corporate customers. The prime rate is derived from the federal funds rate, usually using fed funds + 3 as the formula.